THE NEW YORK HERALD.

WHOLE NO. 7121.

MORNING EDITION---FRIDAY, APRIL 30, 1852.

PRICE TWO CENTS.

DOUBLE SHEET.

A UCTION SALE-THIS DAY, AT 11% O'CLOCK, AT No. 163 Prince street, next to the purpose of Thumpson street, hough of Furniture, Carpets, Bedsteath, Redding, Mattrespee, looking Glasses in fact every thing that is requisite for horselseping. JACOB BOGART, Auctioneer. A UCTION NOTICE.—THOMAS BELL, AUCTIONEER.
By W. L. Van Zandt. Sale this day, at 10½ o clock, at No. 139 East Twenty-first street, near Third avenue, as already advertised, of handsome Furniture, also, a small but truly choice collection of beautiful original Paintings.

A UCTION NOTICE.—THOMAS BELL, AUCTIONEER. By W. L. Van Zandt, Wedneaday, at 19% o'clack will be rold the entire excellent Furniture of the Hotel 252 William street. Particulars in time.

A UCTION NOTICE.—GROCERIES, PRESERVED
Meats, Brandy, Ten, &c.,—Friday, April 30, at 10½
o'clock, at 57 Dey street, corner of Greonwich street—Refined, Crun-hed and Brown Sugars, Tea, Coffee, Rice, Raisins,
Starch, Figs, Prunes, Tohacco, Segars, Brandy, Gin, Wines,
Patent Medicines, Preserved Meat. Fish, Fruit, &c.
W. A. CARTER, Auctioneer.

Be had of the auctioneers, 9 Wall street.

B. A. C. II I. T. ON. AUCTIONEER —VALUABLE
B. Building Lots at auction, by Cole & Chilton, Friday,
April 20, at 12 o'clock, at the Merchante' Exchange. Fourteen lets on Sixth avenue and 105th street. Also, 5 to teen
north side of Eighty minth street, between Eighth and Ninth
avenues. Also, 7 lots on south side of Ninetisth street, between Eighth and Ninth avenues Terms therat. Maps can
be had of the auctioneers. Also, one 10 for Fity-third street,
between Seventh avenue and Broadway. Also, one of the auctioneers.
Also, one lot on west side of Thirty-eighth
side of Thirty-eighth atreet, between Sexuality avenues.
Also, one lot on west side Teach avenue, between
Thirty-first and Thirty-second streets. Excusion's aske.—
One lot on Seventh avenue, between Fitty-fourth and Fittyfifth streets; and 4 lots on Seventh avenue, between 130th
and 131st streets; and 4 two Interes morth avenues, between 190th
and 131st streets; and two Interes morth avenues, between 190th
and 131st streets; and former purchaser. Maps can be had of
the auctioneers, No. 9 Wall street.

DAY J. HEGEMAN.

BY J. HEGEMAN, AUCTIONEER.—FURNITURE
Sales in Brooklyn.—Last Day of the Season.—Friday,
april 20. at half past 7 o clock precisely, at 71 Main street,
corner of York street, a Piano, and a small quantity of plain
Furniture. Immediately after, at about half past 8 A. M.,
at 80 Henry street, near Clark street, handsome Wainut
chamber Furniture, Carpets, Mahogany Tables, &c. Immediately after, at 10 A. M., at 81 Columbia street, corner of
Cranberry street, large sale of elegant Furniture. Immediately after, at about 12 o'clock, M., at 46 Willow street, a
small quantity of Furniture. Immediately after, at about
half past 1 P. M., at 24 Douglass street, a small quantity
of Furniture. Immediately after, at about
half past 1 P. M., at 24 Douglass street, a small quantity
of Furniture. Immediately after, at about 31 P. M., at 103
Livington street, near Hoyt street, the Carpets in the house,
and a small quantity of Furniture. Immediately after the
above, at about 5 P. M., in Clinton avenue, second house
north of Myrtle avenue, a good Piano, and neat Furniture
of a cottage. It is usually more difficult to obtain a fair
price, at auction, for furniture on this day, than on any
other during the whole year; and those who may be able to
attend our sale-ato-day, will no doubt find it to their interest. Saturday, May 1, at half past 7 A. M., at 115 Duffield
street, a small quantity of Purniture. Sane day, at about 2
o'clock, P. M., in the yard of the suction room, a large quantity of Furniture. Form families armoving.

D. S. HOUGH, AUCTIONEER.—SATURDAY, MAY contents of the dwelling house and store, embracing the largest assortment of new and socond-band Furniture offered at auction this season, and comprising every article necessary to housekeeping. Also, a large number of French Pier Glasses, Fancy Glass ware, now Brussels, Tapestry, Threaply, and Ingrain Carpets, &c., &c. Sale positive, rain or shine.

T COLTON, AUCTIONEER,—GENTEEL HOUSE, hold Furniture, Planoforte, &c.-F. Colton will sell, this day, Friday, April 30th, at 10½ o'clock, at 234 Broadway, the entire Furniture of the family, comprising the usual parler, dining-room, bedroom and basement Furniture. Among the Parler Furniture may be found mahogany Chaire, Sofas, Prench Bedateads, Book Cases, marblog, or, centre, card, dining, and tea Tables; also all kinds of bedroom and basement Furniture, China and Glass ware, kitchen Furniture, &c.; also, one good mahogany pianoforte, Sale positive, rain or shine.

COLTON, AUCTIONEER-GENTEEL HOUSEHOLD Forniture, F. Colton will sell, this day, Friday, April 30th, at 100 f. colock, at 100 f. compson street, the entire gented Furniture of the house, such as parlor, dining-room, between, and lasement Furniture, in variety. Also, one splendid set of rioh China. Sale will be positive.

F. COLTON, AUCTIONEER-HOUSEHOLD FURNI-ture, &c. -F. Colton will sell, this day, Priday, April 3rth, at 2 o'clock P. M., at 549 Houston street, near Broad-way, the entire Furniture of the large three story house, and also the one aljoining, comprising every article of par-lor, dising-room, beforeom, and basement Furniture; also

HENRY H. LEEDS & CO., AUCTIONEERS, WILL sell at auction, on Friday, April 39, at ten o'clock, at 121 Eighth street, household Purniture-Brussels and Ingrain Carpets, rosewood Furniture in plush, Sofas, Chairs, Arm do., &c.: Window Curtains, &c.: Mantel Ornaments, bedroom Furniture, black wainut and mahogany Bedsteads, Bursaus, Washtands, &c., hair Mattresses, feather Beds, Bolsters, and Pillows, China and Glass Ware, kitchen Furniture, &c.

A LEADS CO., AICTIONEERS, WILL, SELL at auction, on Friday, April 20, at 10 o'clock, at No. 25 Bleecker street, household Furniture, consisting of mahogany Sofas, Chairs, &c., in hair cloth, Ottomans, Mirrors, Brussels and Ingrain Carpets, Mantel Ornaments, mahogany Bedistends, Burcaus, and Washstands, China and Glass Ware, and kitchen Furniture.

H. E. WILLARD, AUCTIONEER.—FURNITURE, new and second hand, Paintings, &c., to close sales. II. E. Willard, Auctioneer, will sell this moraing, at 10½ oclock, an ansortwent of landsome Furniture, Paintings, &c. Also, a lot of second hand Furniture, &c., and one Awaing.

W. BROWN, AUCTIONEER, -HOUSEHOLD PUR-be niture Plensforce, &c. -Frieny, April 39, as 10 a clock, at No. 182 Liberty street, the functioner contained in the above house, consisting of Sofa, Chaire, Carnes, Oil Cloth, Funcaus, Bedsteade, Nattreasse, Feature Bade, Tables, Chamber Crockery, &c.; also, one Unsuforte, Oil Final-

SALES BY AUCTION.

JOHN L. VANDEWATER, AUCTIONEER-AT 19% o'clock, at I2S Christopher street.—Household Purniture. A decirable assortment of household Furniture, consisting of rocewood black walnut, and malogany parior? Purniture, made in Paris, to order, parlorsuite, style Louis XV., bronzoormoin is marble Clock Shade and stand, candenbras and coaps, to match, splendid gift Fier Glasses, brackets and slab Brussels and Tapestry Carpets, Etageres, Sideboard, oil Printings, damask and boiled silk curtains, also, splendid French bedroom suite, in rosewood, mahogany and black walnut, Wardrobes, &c., Mattresses, Palliastres, feather Beds, Pillows, Belsters, &c.

one Grocer's wagon; one Butcher's Cart, &c. Teymic cash, in Lankable money.

JOHN L. VANDEWATER, AUCTIONEER.—PRIDAY and Saturday, 31st April and 1st May, at 10% o'clock, at the salesroom, No. 12 wall street, rich rose wood and mahogany Furniture, comprising a very large and costly assertment of rosewood parlor Furniture, covered in broastelle and hair cloth, marble top Etegares, with mirror back and front. Secretaries, Davenports. Centre Tables, Bookenses, Wardrobes, &c., extension Dining Tables, halr seat Rockers, &c., suites in broastelle and plush, richly carrod antique Chairs in green plush, Voltaires, Sewing Chairs, Conches, casy Chairs, &c., Library Bookenses, inlinid Rending Tables, Bureaus, Washstands with marble tops, rosewood carved Redstends, malograpy scroll top and Gothic Bedsteads, South American, horse hair Mattresses, Palliasses, Mirrors, &c. Also, a large assortment of second-hand Furniture, consisting of general house furnishing articles, Carpets, Mirrors, Mattresses, Beds, Bedclothes, &c.

R. W. WESTCOTT, AUCTIONEER.—LARGE SALE of Furniture, of every description, on Friday morning, at 10 o'clock, at 146 Greenwish avenue, being all the Furniture, parlor, chamber, and kitchen, 20 Carpets, &c., left at house sale for the past two weeks. Sale peremptory, rain or shine.

Pain or shine.

ROBERT BYRNE, AUCTIONEER,—LAST DAY'S Sale of the Assignee's stock of Dry Goods, at 230 lileceker street. Bleecker Buildings, on this day, at 10 o'clock precisely: the residue of the stock consisting of Shawls, Silks, Alpacas, de Laines, Merrimack printed Calicost, Hosiery, bleached and unbleach d Sheetings, Shirtings, etc., etc. The winds will be sold in lots to suit purchasers, without reserve as possession has to be given up on this day, all must be cleared off.

R. C. KEMP, AUCTIONEER.—HOUSEHOLD FURNI55 Franklin street, near Broadway—R. C. Kemp will sell at
auction, as above, the Furniture contained in the house No.
75 Franklin street, consisting of managany parlor and
chamber Furniture. Carpets, Crockery, and kitchen Furni
ture, all in good order, and but little used, and is worthy
the attention of buyers. Catalogues on the morning of sale.

THOMAS ASTEN, AUCTIONEER.-THIS DAY, AT

TERENCE BOYLE, AUCTIONEER, STORE No. 185
Chatham street—Furniture, This day, at ten o'clock, A. Chatham street—Furniture. This day, at ten e'clock at No. 19 Fifth street, the furniture of a family leaving the city; Sofas, Mahogany Chairs, Tables, Card Tables, French Mahogany Bedsteads, Looking Glasses. Window Cúrtajas, Girandeles, Carpets, Stair Carpets, Kitchen Furniture.

W.M. Mc ILVAIN, AUCTIONEER.—HOUSEHOLD Furniture—This day, at 10 o'clock, at No. 37 Chambers street, by M. Henry & Son, the household and kitchen Furniture, consisting of three-plv Carpet, 011 Cloth Sofas, mahogany Chairs, Looking-glasses, Bureans, dining Tables, Cooking Stoves, a fine toned seven actave rosewood Pianoforte: also, the Bedsteads, Beds, Mattresses, with the kitchen furniture. Sale positive, to be paid for, and removed same day A deposit will be required from every person, to save trouble. Do, Bath Tub, with water buck, copper tank, Croton pipe for hot, cold, and shower baths.

W. S. McILVAIN & CO. WILL SELL, THIS DAY, at 10% o'clock, at No. 32 John street, corner of Nassan atreet, a fine collection of standard, half standard, and other perpetual Roses, from J. Hill, Bergen. New Jersey, Catalogues on the morning of saic. Also, a fine Counter for saic chem.

wall cheap.

W. WITTERS, AUCTIONEER—THIS DAY, AT ONE o'clock, at IS7 Canal street, a large and desirable assortment of Household Furniture—Pier Glasses, Dining and Tea Tables, Dress Bureaus. Brussels and Three-Ply Carpets. N. B.—This sale is worthy of the attention of families—all in prime order. A large quantity of Sheeting, one fine Gold Watch, together with other goods, &c.

FRENCH - ONE OF THE ABLEST FRENCH TEACHers of this city, offers a few rooms in his house and
family, to some young gentlemen who wish to learn French,
with breakfast and tea. Inquire at 116 Eleventh street, between Fifth and Sixth avenues.

CHOOL FOR BOYS, AT HOBOKEN—PRIVATE BOArding and Day School for Boys—Terms, per annum, \$150 to \$200, for a full course of Classical, French, English, and Mathematical Studies, together with Drawing, Feenic, and Vocal Mode. Day scholars at moderate rates. Circulars at the Institution. L. DE GRAND VAL, No. 3 Hudson terrace.

INSTRUCTIONS IN FIVE USEFUL AND TWO OR-namental Arts, by which industrious persons can make from \$50 to \$U00 per month, will be sent to any address by return of mail, on receipt of 25 cents, post paid. Address D. D. BURT, Box 50 Broadway Post Office.

SING SING, WESTCHESTER COUNTY.—MRS. PAT-terson's Seminary for young Ladies and Boys, under ten years of age. The Principal, having for a great many years been engaged in the care and instruction of Children, assures those that may favor her with their patronage, that her pupils will enjoy unusual means of improvement, and the comforts of a private family. Terms per annum, board and education, \$75 under eight; above that ago, \$100, Ap-ply to Mrs. Cooley, 112 Eight avenue.

SCHOOL TEACHER WANTED-ONE WELL QUALI-fied-An American, a professor of some Protestant religion, temperate habits, good moral character, well re-commended, will find good school, by calling on the trus-tees of the Academy at Mariner's Harbor, near Port Rich-mond, Staten Island, Garret P. Wright, David Van Name, Jr., George Thompson, Trustees.

THOMAS BIRDSALL'S HOTEL (EUROPEAN PLAN), 74 Prince street, New York, opposite Metropolitan Hotel and Niblo's Theatre. Lodgings, 25c. per night, 81 22 per week. Good beds and rooms. Meals at all times, and all the rarities the markets afford. Oysters and every refresh-ment, both at table and bar, that can be desired.

MISCELLANEOUS.

RISCELLANEOUS.

REDUCTION OF RATES BY PENNSYLVANIA
Railroad Company. This Company have recently
increased the stock on their road to a capacity enabling
them to carry, without detention, all freights that may be
offered them. Merchants shipping goods Westward will find
it much to their advantage to send by this route. We are
now delivering freights in Pittsburg within five days, at the
following reduced rates, viz.—first class, dry goods, hats,
shoes, &c., 19 cents per 160 pounds; second class, hales,
shown muslin, hardware, &c., C0 cents per 100 pounds; third
class; coffee, queensware, &c., C0 cents per 100 pounds; fourth
class; coffee, queensware, &c., C0 cents per 100 pounds; fourth
class; foth, tar, &c., S0 cents per 100 pounds. No commission for forwarding at Philadelphia or Pittsburg. By this
route dry goods shipped via Merchants line, William H.
Thompson, Agent, Pier No. 1. North River, will be delivered
in Cincinnati at \$1 25 per 109 pounds, from New York. Ali
goeds from the East, intended for this road, should be
marked, care of H. H. Houstrow, Agent Penn, R. Road Co.,
Philadelphia. COVODE & GRAHAM, Agents,
CANABARAM, Agents,
CANABARAM, Agents,
CANABARAM, CREENER BY GENERAL

BULLIARDS.—THE VERY TABLE USED BY GENERAL Washington for exercise, with eight others, of iron, slate, and marble, with India rubber and air cushions, at No. 8 Ann street; an entrance 149 Fulton street. Philadelphians coming to New York are invited to try them; or New York erg going to Philadelphia, will find fourteen of Bassford's patent. Tables, at 169 Cheant street—the best arranged rooms in this country. Patent Cue Points, from French tips, to fit all sized cues, for sale.

tips, to fit all sized cues, for sale.

CAMPHOR WOOD AND CEDAR TRUNKS, IRON Safes and cast iron Chests.—The subscriber offers for sale, at his factory, 28 Gold street, near John street, largo camphor wood and codar Trunks, the only sure and permanent remody for moth; also, low priced iron Safes, and seven different sizes of cast iron Chests, for vessels, &c.

JESSE DELANO.

BALEING PRESS FOR SALE.—ONE OF BULLOCK'S celebrated dry goods and yarn Baleing Presses, now, and is large enough to take in 5-1 sheetings. Can be seen at 413 Water street, and will be seld at a reduced price, to pay advances.

No. 36 CEDAR STREET, NEAR BROADWAY.-TO let, a fine well ventilated loft, (a few doors only from the Fest Office,) with free privilege of Croton water, and new atyle closetts a very desirable place for business. Rent moderate. Apply as above.

moderate. Apply as above.

SIN FARMS FOR SALE. FOR PARTICULARS APPLY
by the R.P. P. WENDOVER, Hackensack, N. J.; or of S.
W. Wendover, No. 50 Wall street, Firemen's Insurance
Company, New York.

To LIT-THE OCEAN HOUSE, SHREWSBURY, N. J.,
on the margin of the Atlantic ocean, and fronting the
Shrewsbury river.—The above house will be rented furnished. The only reason is the fill health of the pre-picker.
Inquire of N. Coltt. 50 Bowery; or W. A. Mathewe, on the
strenders.

TO LET-A DESIRABLE SUIT OF ROOMS, ON THE score floar, unturnished, or part of the home, to a small family eitherstellifere. Apply at 21 Walker street.

NEW AND SECOND HAND TOOLS AND MACHINcry bright and sold. Large and small Serior Proceed,
vists, Letter, Arville one Jeweley's Drop, artificial Pleaser
Tools, and a general assorting to the land marking for triple at the part of the land markings for triple at the part of the part of

The state of the process of the continuent of the state of the state of the continuent of the continue

NEWS BY TELEGRAPH. AFFAIRS IN CONGRESS.

Debate on the Deficiency Bill in the Senate.

THE ADMINISTRATION DEFENDED BY MR. PEARCE.

POLITICAL DISCUSSION IN THE HOUSE.

The Southern Whigs and the Late Caucus. THE MICHIGAN DEMOCRATIC CONVENTION.

THE ABOLITION CONVENTION AT CINCINNATI.

Safety of the Steamship Washington. Shipwrecks-Navigation-Earthquake,

THIRTY-SECOND CONGRESS.

FIRST SESSION.

Washington, April 29, 1852. LANDS WANTED FOR WISCONSIN BAILBOADS.

Messrs. Walker and Donge presented some ten or fifteen petitions, asking grants of land to Wisconsin, to aid in the construction of railroads in that State. REPORTS FROM THE DEPARTMENTS.

Mr. Hamlin reported in favor of printing fifteen hundred additional copies of the Report of the Navy Department and Postmaster General upon contracts for carry

ment and Postmaster General upon contracts for carry ing the mails in steamers. Adopted. He also reported in favor of printing seventeen thousand extra copies of the Patent Office Report, relating to arts and manufactures, and of thirty-five thousand extra copies of the agricultural part of the same.

Mr. Borland objecting, the report was laid over.

Mr. Walker moved to take up the bill granting land to Wisconsin, to aid in the construction of a railroad in that State from Fon du Lac to Jamesville. The bill was mended by including a grant for another road from Milwaukie to the Mississippi.

The bill was then amended so as to conform in its provisions to the Iowa bill passed by the Senate, and then postponed till to morrow.

More Lands wasted for Railroads.

Mr. Borland introduced a bill granting land to Arkades in aid of railroads.

The imprisonment of Mr. Brace in Austria.

The Cass resolution, calling for the correspondence of the American charge at Vienna relative to the imprisonment of C. L. Brace, was adopted.

Claims arising out of the songuest of California.

Mr. Shields reported back the bill providing for the settlement of claims arising out of the military operations in California in 1846 and 1847, and the same was taken up.

The bill was slightly amended, and was then ordered to

ip.
The bill was slightly amended, and was then ordered to
se engrossed.

The bill was slightly amended, and was then ordered to be engrossed.

THE DEFICIENCY BILL

was then taken up, when Mr. Peares, (whig) of Md., arose, and said he would not now discuss the amendment pending, but would depart from the appropriate debate for the purpose of replying to the attacks made by Messrs. Gwin and Hunter on the administration. The remarks of those Senators, if not answered promptly, would, perhaps, create an impression which would be difficult to remove from the public mind. The speech of the Senator from California was an open and avowed attack on the administration; and he arraigned it not only for its own but also for the real or imagined errors of Gen. Taylor's administration. He, with equal propriety, might arraign Mr. Polk's administration for the peculiance, embezzlements, and frauds committed under its democratic predecessors. He had hoped that General Taylor's administration would have escaped the Senators' assumes.

Taylor's administration would have escaped the Senators' assunit:

Its old, brave and henest chief had sunk to rest,
With all his country's honors blest.

He was not much in the confidence of General Taylor's administration; but among that cabinet were some with whom he held relations of personal friendship; and as none of that cabinet was now in office or Congress, he felt it due to himself to defend them. The first charge preferred by Mr. Gwin was the appointment of T. Butler King as special agent to California—he being then a member of Congress. He denied that Mr. King, when appointed, was a member of Congress in fact, and even if he was, his appointment was not an office in the contemplation of the constitution. An office was something created by law; this was a mere agency, designated by the President, and such an agency as had precedents under the administrations of Presidents Jackson and Polk. Mr. King was not invested with complete powers over the army and navy, as stated by Mr. Gwin. He read Mr. King's instructions. The next charge was that Mr. King, as commander of the navy, had despatched the steamer Edith, which cost \$130,000, on a useless service, in which she was lost; that service was the conveyance of members of the California Convention to Monterey. Now, if that convention was proper—and the honorable Senator was a part of it, and enjoyed its fruits. he would not deny it—why should not this steamer, then lying idle, be used for the purpose? Frem papers on file in the Navy Department, it appeared that the honorable Senator, himself, had urged the selection of a particular individual to command that stoomer,

that the nonormor scenario, mansel, man urged the selection of a particular individual to command that etoomer, on that very service.

Mr. diver, service.

Mr. diver, service.

Mr. Prancr and the did not complain of the reseel being used, but he complained of the Senator having eliced the use of that vessel on that service, after recommending it, as an evidence of the beat effects of Mr. King's appointment. The Edith did not cost \$130,000, but \$33,000 only. He denied what the Senator had stated, that Mr. King's nomination as Collector was withheld from the Senate till after the 4th of March, for the purpose of avoiding the constitutional objection to his appointment. That nomination as sent to the Senate before the 4th of March, and unacted on. The Senate subsequently confirmed it. Were the injunction of secreey removed, he would ask the honorable Senator if he did not himself-sustain Mr. King's nomination, but would have urged its rejection, had it come up before the 4th of March.

Mr. Prancr said that if there had been any evidence that the nomination had been merely kept back for the purpose of avoiding any constitutional objection, it ought to have been rejected whenever it came up. The next charge was of the escort which was sent out with Gen. Wilson, Indian Agent to Utah. A military secort to civil efficers was not an unusual thing. Under President Polk's administration they were sent out to accompany Mr. Weller, Boundary Commissioner, and Governor Lane and Judge Pratt to Oregon. These escorts cost \$61,000; expended by the Quartermaster's Department. The escort accompanying Messes, Wilson, Collier, and others, under President Taylors administration, cost but 142,000. He would have gone whether Mr. Wilson left Utah, resigned his office, and went to California, and thy President Fillmore was appointed Navy Agent by President Taylor, though he was not confirmed till after President Fillmore came in. Mr. Wilson did not act for a long time without any bond. He did give two bonds, which were approved. He did no

then rent out three executs; and all three executs cost \$70,000 and not \$150,000 as stated by the Senator; the other \$50,000 were applied by the Quartermatet's Department to other services. He admitted that these advances by Celicetor King were illegal and had been condemned by the administration; but the large advance, he thought, might be excused by the Senator on the same ground of imperious necessity that he recommended Collector King to advance the \$5,000, which was as much illegal as if it had been a million. The Commissioners recognized treaties, and in them have stipulated what they had no right to, to supply the Indians immediately with beef, cattle, &c., and have proceeded to execute those treaties, and have drawn for the amount of those contacts. Noone could pretend that such powers were vested in commissioners. They however, pleaded the necessity and urprency of the state of affairs—the large body of Indians, their warlike character, &c. The Senator complained that these treaties had not been sent to the Senate. They were not received by the President, till about the lat of february, and the President has most properly delayed acting on them till some further and more reliade information can be had upon the subject. This information is an encessary for the Senate as for the President, and until obtained nother can act understagils. In which we will be the subject. This information is an encessary for the Senate as for the President, and until obtained nother read of the Indians shy and had seen the subject. The showed the crucity and injustics of the few subjects in the subject of the commissioner, who were the subject of the few subjects of the subject of the number of the subject of the s

House of Representatives. WASHINGTON, April 29, 1852.

Mr. Gozman, (dem.) of In., asked the consent of the House to report a bill to settle the account of Gen. Ritey, who had been detained here for some months for the

COMMITTEE ON ESROLLED BILLS.

On motion of Mr. Bayly. (dem.) of Va., the Speaker was authorized to appoint an additional member to the Committee on Enrolled Bills.

The House then resumed the consideration of THE HOMESTEAD BILL.

Mr. Walsh, (whig) of Md., said that it was his privilege, as a very humble member of the whig party, to at tend the first whig caucus, and there he took occasion to express his views on the politics of the day, and stated what would be his ultimate course if the Whig National Convention shall not adopt a certain platform. He was prevented by sickness from attending the last caucus; prevented by sickness from attending the last caucus; but he was here to-day, in the exercise of the privilege which belongs to him, to endorse to the fullest extent what the signers of the recent manifesto to the whigs of the United States have said with regard to their action on that occasion. This was personally important to him, but of no consequence to the nation; because, when anything great or glorious is to be done, and the nation saved, and the constitution vindicated, Kentucky seems to have a patent right to perform that duty. He did not intend to infringe upon that right. If we look at the history of our country, and on its glowing pages we can see, in the language of the poet, He marched down the cypress swamp.

The day was dark and murky.

There stood John Bull, in martial pomp, But here was old Kantucky.

He then proceeded to depict the wrongs which the South have endured, from the time the ordinance of 1787 was passed, to the present time. They have been constitution, until there is nothing left. He spoke of the views of General Cass, on the subject of slavery, and understood the last interpretation of the Nicholson letter to be this:—That the local legislature of an organized territorial government has the right either to establish or exclude slavery.

Mr. Freeman, (dem.) of Miss. interrupted the gentleman, by saying that he understood General Cass to take the ground that the legislature of a tarritory has the same right over the subject as a State legislature has, and cannot abolish slavery without the consent of the owners.

Mr. Walsh said that he understood this precisely, and but he was here to-day, in the exercise of the pri-

the ground that the legislature of a territory has the same right over the subject as a State legislature has, and cannot abolish slavery without the consent of the owners.

Mr. Walsh said that he understood this precisely, and that the prominent gentleman who holds this principle is likely to be elected President, unless the whige organizamore effectually, and bring their fractions to unite on the great platform of the constitution. He viewed a territory as common ground for all the people of the United States, who had a right to go there with their slaves as they would with their horses. He noticed, with severity, the remarks heretofore made by Messra, Rantoul and Townshend, and said the latter had appended to his printed speech a copy of the Virginia resolutions of '98, to sanction the idea that slaves are to be protected in the States; but the very instant they got over the borders, the right exists to steal them. This good old democratic dectrine of '98 is perverted to help the cause of felons and thieves—to rob the South, and mulder citizens who go in pursuit of their property. He recommended this to the consideration of the Battimore Democratic Convention. He corrected a point of history as to the number of persons present at the first whig caucus. A quarter of an hour before it met, he and his colleague (Mr. Evans) counted forty-five members. He knew a number came in afterwards, and, to the best of his belief, there were some sixty members present—a numerous a body as that which recently fixed the tim and place for the assembling of the Whig National Convention. With the exception of Mr. Stevens, of Pennasyl vania, and Mr. Fowler of Massachusetts, no gentleman left this caucus when Mr. Marshal of Kentucky declared that the question of laying upon the table was to be regarded as a test on the compremise.

Mr. Evans, (whig) of Md., being appealed to, said that this was true.

Mr. Johnsvor, (Jem.) of Tennessee answered various objections which had been made against the Homestead bill depicting in glowing c

ley at a quarter before one o'clock. Its duration was out floors, windows, and crockery, in a state of active

Two shocks of cartiquake were felt to all parts of Washington city, to day about 1 o'click.
A slight shock was also observed in Seltimore, about the same hour.

PARTHQUARE-THE CONONATION OF PAUSTIN nel, reports that an the hib a covere sheek of an crito was experienced at the Cape, but no damage was

Safety of the Steamship Washington. HALIPAX, April 9, 1852.

The steamship Washington, Capt. Floyd. bound from New York for Southampton, put into Milford Haven on the 14th April, short of coal.

Arrival of the Ningara at Boston.

Boston, April 29-8 P. M. The steamsnip Ningara is below, and will be up about

The Michigan Democratic Convention.

DETROIT, April 29, 1852. The Michigan Democratic Convention adopted a serie of resolutions, endorsing the platform of 1840-'48, dodging the compromise measures, and instructing the delegates to the Baltimore Convention to use all henorable means to secure the nomination of Lewis Cass.

The convention appointed only three delegates to Bal-

timore.

Great harmony prevailed on all the political questions of the day.

The Anti-Slavery Convention. SECOND DAY. CINCINNATI, April 23, 1852.

AFTERNOON BESSION.

The following is the substance of the resolutions adopted to-day :-

continue, under all circumstances, the discussion of the anti-slavery question.

litionists engage in, or connive at, any compromise involving the slightest concession to any pro-slavery requisition.

sition.

The following resolution was offered, and warmly debated:—
Resolved, That slaveholding is in itself an act of immeasurable wickedness, and the American clurch and clergy of all denominations, connected with it, are held eminently reconsible.

Resolutions from the committee were introduced, de-ciaring that this is not less the native land of the negro than the white man; and that a proposition to remove the former to any other country is in every way as un-just and imprudent, as would be a proposition to remove the latter.

That, when the friends of colonization manifested the rame desire to promote the interest—of negroes at home

rame desire to promote the interest—f negroes at home that they do abroad, it may then be time for the colored people to consider the colonization scheme—but for the present the colored people should turn a deafear to all

colonization agents.

The resolutions were supported by several speakers, opposed by none—finally, they were unanimously adopted.

THIRD DAY.

CINCINSTAL, ADRIL 29, 1852.

The convention assembled at the usual hour. Recclutions were taken up and discussed, but no action was taken on any prior to a recess.

Negro Arrested and Shot in Pennsylvania.

GREAT EXCITEMENT AT COLUMBIA.

COLUMBIA, PA., April 29, 1852.

An officer named Ridgley, and another named Sayder the latter from Harrisburg, arrested a negro named Smith this morning, and whilst in their custody he was shot—whether by accident or design we cannot say. There is great excitement here about the affair. Smith was supposed to be a slave, though living here some years. A number of blacks were present when the occurrence took place.

> Loss of the Ship Elizabeth. LARGE AMOUNT OF COTTON DESTROYED.

PROVIDENCE, April 29, 1852. A despatch received from Apalachicola states that the ship Elizabeth, Capt. Carr, of Warren, bound to Providence, was lost, supposed near the bar; no date given 500 bales of cotton were saved. Her cargo consisted of 1,378 bales of cotton, which was owned in this city, and is fully insured, as follows:—\$15,000 at the Merchauts' office, \$8.400 at the Roger Williams, \$15,000 at the American; on freight and cargo, \$20,000 at the Boston Insu-

rance Company, Boston.

The Elizabeth was a new vessel, on her first voyage, and was valued at about \$25,000, which is supposed to be fully covered by insurance in Boston.

Wreck of the Steamship Meteor.

NEW ORLEANS, April 28, 1852. The new steamship Meteor was totally wrecked on Sun day last, in Matagorda Bay. She struck on Cavallo bar; breaking her steampipe, and the wind being strong at the time, she became unmanageable. The crew and forty-eight passengers were all saved, but the cargo will probably prove a total loss.

Loss of the Schooner Sea Gull.

The schooner Sea Gull. Charleston, April 28, 1852.
The schooner Sea Gull, Capt. Balloch from Cardenas for Savannah, with molasses, was abandoned at sea in lat. 31, lon. 79, on the 20th April. The captain and crow were taken from the wieck by the British bark Peruvian, from Glasgow, new off Charleston bar.

Ferry Boat Sunk near Albany. Hudson River Railroad ferry boat lies sunk on The Illinois Central Railroad.

Iron for the Illinois Central Railroad has arrived here and hands commenced laying the track yesterday Twenty miles will be laid in ten days, when the cars from the Central Railroad will arrive in this city.

Delaware and Hudson Canal Open, Rospot, April 22, 1852, The Delaware and Hudson Canal is now open, and number of bouts passed up to day.

THE M'DONOUGH ESTATE — FRENCH CONSUL AT CHARLESTON—NEGRO LAW OF LOUISIANA—MA-RYLAND LEGISLATURE—PROPOSED BRIDGE OVER THE SUSQUEHANNA, ETC.

BALTIMORE. April 29, 1852. The southern mail from New Orleans has arrived, by

which we learn that a sale of \$215,000 of assets of the McDonough Estate has been ordered by the District Court The Charleston Courier denies the report that M. de Cheiseul, the French Consul for North and South Caro-

Choiseul, the French Consul for North and South Carolina and Georgia, is to be recalled.

The Courier says:—We understand that a letter has been received in this city from Her Britannie Majesty's Consul at New Orleans, stating that the Legislature of Louisiana had passed an act amending the colored law of the State, by abolishing the penalty of imprisonment, and permitting free persons of celor to come on shore, with passports from the Mayor.

The Maryland Senate has passed the Pilotage Bill, and it is now the law. It abolishes the half pilotage charge, heretofore exacted from vessels which did not need the service of pilots. The House of Delegates also passed the bill continuing the annual appropriation of \$10,000 to the Maryland Colonization Society

The committee appointed by the Maryland Legislature to examine and report upon—the expediency of a bridge over the Sucquehanna river, at Havre de Grace, have returned, and reported in favor of the immediate construction of the bridge.

The committee of the Maryland Senate have reported a bill repealing the stamp tax, and materially reducing the direct tax.

The Virginia Medical Convention met at Richmond on the 27th instant, and formed a board of medical examiners.

direct tax.

The Virginia Medical Convention met at Richmond on the 27th instant, and formed a board of medical examiners. Both branches of the Baltimore City Council passed, by an aimost unanimous vote, resolutions protesting against the passage of the Catholic School bill. The crew of the ship Shelton mutinied below Charles ton, on Friday last, and then made their escape to tha

Marderer Convicted-Death of an Editor. James Simmons, who has been on trial for murder in the first degree, was to-day found guilty. This was his third trial, the juries heretotore having been unable to gree.
S. G. Curtis, editor of the Commercial, died yesterday.

Metcorological Observations.

Evmosse's magnetic line, office No. 2 wall street.

Thursday, April 29, 1862.

Burrals, SA, M.—Thermoneter SC. Barometer 29, 30.

Wind routh. A clear and pleasant moraling

SP. M.—Thermoneter SG. Wind southwest. Barometer 29, 33. Cloudy, but pleasant.

Bourseter, SA, M.—The most delightful moraling of the senson. Wind west, sky clear and sun warm. Thermometer 70.

the season. Whed west, they clear and sun warm Thermometer 70.

9 P. M.—It has clouded up, and is now cold. Wind northwest. Thermometer 40. It looks like rain.

Acrons. 9 A. M.—Pine, clear morning, but rather cool. Thermometer 48.

9 P. M.—It has been a very clear delightful day. Wind north. Thermometer 51.

Evacous 9 A. al.—A beautiful morning, and not a cleud to be seen. The mometer 50.

9 P. M.—It margin evening, but somewhat cloudy. It has the appearance of a sterm. Wind northwest. Thermometer 50.

Ther, 9 A. M. - Very beautiful moral of Sky clear.
Thermometer 5:
0 F. B. - Very line evening clear and startlets. Thermometer 50.

Markets.

NEW ONLEANS, April 26, 1862. The sales of cotton to day reached 7 00) bales, at steady prices; middling is at 7% a 7%c. Rice—200 tieres Carolina sold at \$3 a \$3 75. Keg lard has advanced, with Carolina south of the care of 5,000 kegs at 11c.

New Onleans, April 27, 1852.

Cotton has been quiet, in consequence of the advices in the letters by the America and Arctic being considered unfavorable—4,000 bales sold at previous rates. The receipts at all the Southern ports, according to the Price Current, are 650 600 ahead of the same time last year. Molasses has advanced; prime sells at 27c. Moss Pork is at \$17.25 a \$17.75.

is at \$17.25 a \$17.75. New ORLEANS, April 23, 1852.

The advices of the Franklin caused some excitement in cotton, and an active business has been done, the sales reaching 10,000 bales at outside prices. Midding is quoted at 7% a 7% a. Rice is advancing; 100 tierces seed to-day at \$3.57 a \$4. Sight exchange on New York is at par. Flour is dull, at \$3.34 for Ohio; mess pook is quietat \$17.25 a \$1.750; bacon, sides, are at 9% a 9% c; shoulders, 7% c. Sugar has advanced, fair sells at 4% c.; New Output.

New Orleans, April 29—Noon.

The Nisgara's news has been received, and caused increased excitement is cotton, the sales already have been 7,000 bales, at an advance of \(\frac{1}{2} \) a \(\frac{1}{2} \) been quoted at \(\frac{1}{2} \), and increased excitement is cotton, the sales already have been 7,000 bales, at an advance of \(\frac{1}{2} \) a \(\frac{1}{2} \) a \(\frac{1}{2} \). First rich indiling quoted at \(\frac{1}{2} \), and a \(\frac{1}{2} \), and \(\frac{1}{2} \). Flour is declining; Ohio sells at \(\frac{1}{2} \) 3 \(\frac{1}{2} \). Mess perk is at \(\frac{1}{2} \) 5 \(\frac{1}{2} \). Sterling exchange is at \(\frac{1}{2} \), premium.

Sterling exchange is at 8½ premium.

Cuantesres, April 28, 1852.

Cotton—Sales to-day 1 400 bales, at 6¾ a 5¾c. The market is firm, and prices quite full

Albany, April 29, 1852.

Flour is in good demand. Sales 2,000 barrels, at \$4 12 a \$4 25 for common, and \$4 37 a \$4 50 for good State.

Wheat—Sales have been made of 2 500 bushels prime Generoew wheat, at 110 a 111c. Ordinary, 108. Moditerrangan, 96c. Corn is very dull; yellow round, off the boat, sells at 60c. Oats are at 40c., and barley at 72c.

do, ck. p. 44; 215 Morris Canal Preferred, ss wn, 39; 56 Long Island Railroad b5 wn, 11; 49 Harrisburg Railroad, 435; 70 do, 15 wn, 45%; 100 Union Casani, 15, 149; 5 Minchill Railroad, 71%; 110 Sanspuchanna Canad, 151; 17 Vick-burg, 50; 30 Grard Bank, ck. p. 13%; 41ter Boores, 82,000 Sanquehanna Canad 63; 15, 72; 1,000 do, 72; 4,000 Schupikill Navigation 56; interest on, 54;; 100 do, 72; 4,000 Schupikill Navigation 59; interest on, 54;; 100 do, 15; 39; 200 do, 35;; 300 do, 50; 300 vickshurg, 55 wn, 16; 8 Minchill Railroad, 74%; Closing Prices—United States 65; 58, 117%; offered, 118; asked; 60, cf. 117; offered, 116; asked; Fonnsylvania 63; 80%; iffered, 94 asked; Railroad, 39 offered, 194; asked; do, 60, cf. 117; offered, 116; asked; Fonnsylvania 63; 60; cf. 60;

Eriscoral Confenence.-Yesterday morning about ten clock, a large number of the Bishops of the Protestant Episcopal Church in the United States, assembled in conference in St. John's Chapel, in Varick street. The obect of the meeting was to select two of the Bishops, on the invitation of the Archbishop of Canterbury, to be present at the Westminster Abbey, in London, on the 25th day of June next, when the close of the jubilee of the society for the propogation of the gospel in foreign parts, is to be celebrated with great solemnity. Present, the Right Rev. Bishops Brownell. of Connecticut; Eastburn, of Massachusetts; Henshaw, of Rhode Island; Hopkins, of Vermont; Chase, of New Hampshire; McCoskry, of Michigan; Doane, of New Jersey; Whitting-McCoskry, of Michigan; Doane, of New Jersey; Whitting-ham, of Maryland, and several others. We also observed a good number of the subordinate clergy, with a slight sprinkling of the laity. The religious exercises, prepara-tory to entering upon the business of the meeting com-menced with the usual merning prayer, which was reci-ted by Rev. Dr. Wainwright. Secretary of the House of Bishops. The lessons were read by Rev. Dr. Haight, af-ter which the choir samp the Gloria in excessis, and the Jubilate. The Rev. Bishop Hopkins then offered the prayer appointed for the meetings of the convention, read the collect for the Church, and pronounced the Episco-pal benediction, which last ceremony concluded the re-ligious exercises. The assembly then withdrew, and the ligious corclises. The assembly then withdrew and the Bi-hops entered into secret conclave, to which continued for nearly four hours, resulted in the nomination of the Rev. Dr. Coskry, of Michigan, and the Eight Rev. Dr. Delancey, of Western New York, as delegates for the celebration of the clere of the jubilee, to take place in Westminster Abbey in London. The Secretary of the House of Bishops, the Right Rev. Dr. Wainwright, was further directed to convey, immediately, the resolutions as adopted in the conclave, to the Archbishop of Canterbury, as president of the society for the propogation of the gaspel in foreign parts.

PARADE AND PRESENTATION.—Vesterday the New York Riflemen, Company I. of the Twelfth Regiment of New York State Militis, presented a sword to Captain Johnson, their commandant. They passed the Halale office on their return, accompanied by Adkin's Washington Band.

office on their return, accompanied by Adkin's Washington Band.

The Dest in Broadway,—For these two or three days past, the pedestrians of Broadway have been subjected to a difficulty or annoyance, which has certainly taxed both their eyesight and the quality of their lungs to an extent which has scarcely ever been experienced in this city before, clouds of dust having been flying about, sometimes so thick that it was impossible for the best vision to see the length of the next block. This extraordinary quantity of dust, which is not only injurious to public health, but is highly destructive to the fine goods exhibited in various stores along Broadway, is partially caused by the increase of traffic on this thoroughfare, the pulling down and erecting of buildings, and the menting and paving of the street. Such being the case, we would like to know why it is that the street is not sprinkled as has been the case heretofore? The sprinkling of Broadway has become a matter of serious importance when we consider the enormous amount of costly merchandise utterly destroyed from a neglect of the same. We understood that an ordinance passed the Board of Aldermen at their last session, providing for the sweeping and sprinkling of Broadway at least three times a day. What has become of the ordinance? Why is it not carried into effect? If it has not yet been concurred in by the Board of Assistant Aldermen it is to be hoped they will take immediate action on the subject, as it is a matter of the utmost interest to the city. Hurry up the cakes, venerable city fathers.

Figure 10.

fathers.
Fire and Serious Accident.—Yesterday morning, at half past eleven o'clock, the paint store of Thomas Wardle, in Sixth avenue corner of Eighth street, took fire, in consequence of the accidental upsetting of a can of camphene upon the store. Mr. Wardle was present, and in endeavoring to extinguish the flames was himself very badly burned in the face, arms and breast. He was removed to the drug store at the corner of Christopher and Greenwich streets, where he was attended by Drs. Henry, Page and Congreve, after which he was removed to his residence. The fire was soon extinguished by Engine Company, No. 29. The loss is estimated at \$150, principally of the stock.

The Mound Time.—Yesterday was a busy day in New

pally of the stock.

This Moving Time.—Yesterday was a busy day in New York among the boarders and housekeepers. Every house, almost was in a perfect stir, bustle, and commotion. Carts loaded with furniture, might have been seen in almost every street driving through the city in all directions. The Fulton South Williamsburg, and staten transferry beats were crowded for the most part of the day with vehicles, upon which were piled every species of movenbies. Towards the evening the streets were illuminated by innumerable bonfires, which are a sure indication that the moving time, with all its disagreeable commitment is air-say at hand. To-day and to-morrow it. tanta is airendy at hand. To-day and to-morrow it will be in full beast.

will be in full beast.

Praview Denowing —Coroner Ives yesterday held an inquest at pler No. 4. N. R., on the body of a man called Michael who, it seems, iell from the dock into the river on the 16th of March last while engaged in loading up cetton, since which time the body had been missing. The deceased was about twenty years of age, and a native of Ireland Verdict death by drowning.

of Ireland Verdiet death by drowning.

Fire — Yesierday morning about one o'clock, a free cecured in the rear of the vooden building No. 164 fleusemetrat occupied by Abraham Newman as a soft manufactors. The slop and all its contents were entirely constanted. For a time the flames seemed to threaten the adjoining buildings both in the from and rear but were subsided by the uncommon activity of the fermen. Capt Squires with a platoon of the flowenth, Capt Russell of the Thirresula hand Capt. Fradford of the Tenth district, with a portion of their force, were present at the fire.

Acceptance—In Westmanday afternoon, while Langer

Accepted the fire.

Accepted — On Wednesday afternoon, while James Maiore; was engaged disping in a trench for a sour connection at No. 618 Brandesy, both aides auddedgented in and herical him. — To the neck. He was however, a on extricated from as perious position without richaining any serious injury, excepting a few bruies alout the tree.